## STANDARDS FOR FORENSIC PSYCHOLOGICAL EVALUATIONS OF ADULT SEXUAL OFFENDERS

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The San Diego County Sex Offender Management Council

Submitted by the Legal Process Subcommittee in January 2003:

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#### STANDARDS FOR FORENSIC PSYCHOLOGICAL EVALUATIONS OF ADULT SEXUAL OFFENDERS

### Overview

Purpose	The purpose of the psychological sexual offender evaluation is to:
	• Educate the Court, counsel and probation regarding this offender
	• Document the treatment needs
	• Provide a written clinical evaluation of the psychological and sexual dynamics leading to sexual offending
	• Help determine the offender's risk for re-offending
	• Help determine amenability for psychological and psycho-sexual treatment
	• Guide recommendations for the conditions of treatment and supervision of the offender
	• Help identify the optimal setting, intensity of intervention, and level of supervision necessary
	• Help identify offenders who should not be referred for community-based treatment
Credentials of evaluator	The evaluator shall be a psychiatrist or licensed psychologist who has a doctoral degree in psychology and at least 5 years postgraduate experience in the diagnosis and treatment of emotional and mental disorders or the evaluation shall be from a recognized treatment program pursuant to Penal Code section 1203.066 (e).

## Protocols, Considerations and Substantiation of Findings

Protocols re: ' the offender	The evaluator shall adhere to the following protocols regarding the offender:		
the offender	Obtain the informed consent of the offender for the evaluation		
	Inform the offender of:		
	• the assessment and evaluation methods		
	• how the information will be used		
	• to whom it will be given		
	• the nature of the evaluator's relationship with the offender and the court		
	The evaluator shall respect an offender's right to be fully informed about the evaluation procedures.		
-	Results of the evaluation should be made available to the offender.		
	The evaluator shall assess any cultural, ethnic, developmental, sexual orientation, gender, medical and/or educational issues that may arise.		
of findings	The evaluator shall base assessments, recommendations, reports, opinions, and diagnostic and evaluative statements on information and techniques sufficient to substantiate the findings.		
	Evaluators shall use assessment instruments whose validity and reliability have been established for members of the population tested. When this is not possible, the limits of the findings shall be discussed.		
information	<ul> <li>The evaluator shall include in the report a description of the following:</li> <li>the tests used</li> <li>the purpose of each test</li> <li>why each test was selected (See attached chart)</li> </ul>		

## **Recommended Approaches and Items to Be Included**

Recommended approaches	Because of the uncertainty of risk prediction for sexual offenders, the following approaches to evaluation are recommended:		
	• Use of instruments that have specific relevance to evaluating sexual offenders (See attached chart)		
	• Use of instruments with demonstrated reliability and validity (See attached chart)		
	• Integration of collateral information		
	• Use of multiple assessment instruments and techniques (See attached chart)		
	• Use of a structured clinical interview which assesses all of the areas of functioning determined by the research to be relevant to sexual offenders, i.e. "empirically guided structured clinical interview"		
	• Use of interviewers who have been trained to collect data in a non-pejorative manner		
	• When an opinion is based in substantial part on the information from the subject, consideration should be given to the presence or absence of corroboration of those facts.		
To be included	The psychological evaluation of the sexual offender shall include:		
	• Examination of the criminal justice information, including all the discovery, the tape of the interview with the victim, and documents that describe victim trauma when available		
	• Examination of collateral information, including information from other sources on the offender's sexual behavior, when available		
	• Empirically guided, structured clinical interview and sexual history		
	• Psychological testing (See attached chart)		
	<ul> <li>Medical examination/referral for assessment of pharmacological needs if indicated</li> </ul>		
	• Evaluation of deviant arousal or interest		
	• A measure of response set and deception. Physiological testing through the use of polygraph examinations may be recommended in the evaluation process.		

## Recommended Approaches and Items to Be Included, Continued

Factors to consider	The psychological evaluation of the sexual offender shall consider the following:	
	• Sexual developmental history, sexual arousal patterns and interest, deviance and paraphilias	
	Character pathology	
	• Level of deception and/or denial	
	• Mental and/or organic disorder	
	• Drug and alcohol use	
	• Stability of functioning	
	<ul> <li>Medical/neurological/pharmacological needs</li> </ul>	
	• Level of violence and coercion	
	• Motivation and amenability for treatment	
	• Escalation of high-risk behaviors	
	• Risk of re-offense	
	• Treatment and supervision need	
	• The impact of the offense on the victim if the data are available	
Cases covered by PC1203.066	In cases covered by Penal Code section 1203.066(c), the evaluator shall consider whether:	
	• a grant of probation is in the best interest of the child (to the extent that the data are available)	
	• rehabilitation of the defendant is feasible	
	• the defendant is amenable to undergoing treatment and can be placed in a recognized treatment program designed to deal with child molestation.	

#### **ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION INSTRUMENTS AND PROCEDURES\***

#### Mental and Organic Disorders

#### Evaluation Areas

Assessment of mental and organic disorders can address the following evaluation areas:

- Cognitive functioning
- Neurological screening
- Mental Illness

#### Cognitive Functioning

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
Description	Examples	
History of Functioning and/or	• Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale 3	
Standardized Tests	Wechsler Abbreviated Scale of Intelligence	
	Kaufman Brief Intelligence Test	
	Kaufman IQ Test for Adults	
	Test of Non-Verbal Intelligence	
	Woodcock-Johnson 3	
	• Other standardized, reliable, valid assessment instruments	

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\* The Abel Assessment, Plethysmograph, Polygraph, VRAG, SORAG, RRASOR, Static-99 and other tools designed to predict probability of reoffense, measure deception or detect the presence of deviant arousal patterns must be reported and interpreted with caution and tied closely with research developments on validity and reliability of these tools to prevent the misinterpretation and over-reliance on these results by the Courts, Attorneys, Probation Officers, Parole Agents and others who depend on the information in the Psychological Assessment.

## Mental and Organic Disorders, Continued

Neurological screening

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
Description	Examples	
History of Functioning	Wechsler Memory Scale	
and/or Standardized Tests	Neuro-Behavioral Cognitive Status Examination	
	• Trail Making Test	
	<ul> <li>Other standardized, reliable, valid assessment instruments</li> </ul>	

Mental illness	ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
	Description	Examples	
	Mental Status	Minnesota Multiphasic Personality 2	
	Examination and History of Functioning	• Millon Clinical Multiaxial Inventory 3	
		Personality Assessment Inventory	
		Personality Assessment Screener	
		• Other standardized, reliable, valid assessment instruments	

### **Drug/Alcohol Use**

Use/Abuse	ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES	
<b>Relapse History</b>	Description	Examples
	History of Functioning, Structured Interview	Substance Abuse Subtle Screening Inventory
	and/or Standardized Tests	Adult Substance Users Survey
		• Drug and Alcohol Screening Test
		Michigan Alcohol Screening Test
		Collateral Information
		• Other standardized, reliable, valid assessment instruments

#### **Personality Functioning and Character Pathology**

Functioning, disorders and impairment

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
Description	Examples	
History of functioning and/or	Hare Psychopathy Checklist Revised	
empirically guided structured interview	<ul> <li>Millon Clinical Multiaxial Inventory 3</li> <li>NEO Personality Inventory – R</li> </ul>	
	• Minnesota Multiphasic Personality Inventory 2	
	• Personality Assessment Inventory	
	• Personality Assessment Screener	
	Rorschach Psychodiagnostic	
	• Other standardized, reliable, valid assessment instruments	

### **Stability of Functioning**

Evaluation<br/>areasAssessment of stability of functioning can address the following evaluation<br/>areas:<br/>
 Early Family StabilityEducation History and Employment HistorySocial SkillsSocial SupportDevelopmental HistoryPhysical Functioning

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## Stability of Functioning, Continued

#### Early family stability

Early family stability refers to a history of family violence, financial and housing stability and marital history and stability.

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
Description	Examples	
History of Functioning	• When indicated, measures of family adjustment	
and/or Structured Interview	• Collateral information	
	• Other standardized, reliable, valid assessment instruments	

Educational and	ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
employment	Description	Examples	
history	History of Functioning and/or Structured Interview	Collateral information	

Social skills	ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
evaluation	Description	Examples	
	History of Functioning	Collateral information	
	and/or Structured Interview	• Other standardized, reliable, valid instruments	

	ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
Description	Examples		
History	Collateral information		
And/or			
tructured Interview			
Information			
t	History And/or ructured Interview		

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## Stability of Functioning, Continued

Description of developmental			
history	• Parent/Child Relationships		
	Behavioral Problems		
	• Special Education Need	s	
	• School Achievement		
	• Problems with Attachm	ent	
	• History of peer relations	ships	
Evaluation of			
developmental	ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES		
history	Description	Examples	
	History of Functioning and/or	Collateral information	
	Structured Interview		
Physical Functioning	Physical functioning refers t	to the following:	
Tunctioning	Relevant Medical Conditi	ons	
	• History of illness, injury,	surgery	
	• Medication history		
	• Current Medication Use		
	ACCEPTA	BLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES	
	Description	Examples	
	History of Functioning	Collateral Information	
	and/or	Medical Tests	

• Medical Tests

Structured Interview

#### **Sexual Evaluation**

#### Definition

Sexual evaluation refers to developmental sexual history and past and current sexual functioning, including:

- arousal patterns
- sexual interests and preferences
- deviance
- dysfunctions

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES	
Description	Examples
History of Functioning and/or Structured Interview	<ul> <li>Personal Sentence Completion Inventory by Miccio-Fonseca, Ph.D</li> <li>Clarke Sexual History Inventory</li> <li>Abel Assessment</li> <li>Plethysmograph</li> <li>Collateral Information</li> <li>Other History and Data Gathering Inventories</li> </ul>

Offender'sEvaluation of the offender's viewpoint can include attitudes/perceptions of<br/>sexual functioning, deviance and/or dysfunction.

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES	
Description	Examples
History of Functioning	Abel Assessment
and/or Structured Interview	• Multiphasic Sexual Inventory
	• Autobiography
	Collateral Information
	• Other standardized, reliable, valid assessment instruments

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### Sexual Evaluation, Continued

Offense information

Offense information refers to specifics of:

- the current offense
- past sexual offenses
- non-sexual offenses

Specifics might include onset, frequency, victims, threats, weapons, mental and emotional states, etc.

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES	
Description	Examples
History	Collateral Information
and Structured Interview	• Review of Criminal and Juvenile Records
	Information from Victim
	Polygraph, where indicated

Evaluation of denial and deception

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES	
Description	Examples
History of Functioning	Collateral Information
and/or Structured Interview	• Polygraph
	• Other standardized, reliable, valid assessment
	instruments

### **Risk Factors**

Description of risk factors	Risk factors include the following:	
	Level of violence	Social Support Systems
	• Overall pattern of assaultiveness	• Motivation for Treatment/Rehabilitation
	• Pattern of escalation of violence	• Ability to Self-Structure
	• Access to victim pool	• Prior Treatment
	• Life-Style Characteristics	Neurological Risk Factors
	• Other Psychopathology	• Impulse control
	• Substance Abuse	• Etc.
	Other Criminal History	

<b>Evaluation of</b>
risk factors

ACCEPTABLE EVALUATION PROCEDURES	
Description	Examples
History of Functioning	Collateral Information
and/or Structured Interview	• Review of Criminal Records
	Analysis of Offense Information
	• Abel Assessment
	• Plethysmograph
	• Other standardized, valid, reliable assessment instruments

### **Recidivism Assessment and Final Report**

Evaluation

Description	Examples
Risk factors as noted	• History
on the previous page	• Collateral data
	• Psychological test results Standardized, valid, reliable actuaria instruments, normed on appropriate samples such as the VRAG, SORAC RRASOR, Static-99, and others.

# **Final report** Evaluation report shall integrate the findings and give useful information regarding:

- Risk factors
- Success factors related to the likelihood of successful outpatient treatment
- The recommended level of intensity of offense-specific treatment needs
- Level and intensity of treatment for co-existing conditions
- Level and intensity of behavioral monitoring required
- Other necessary external controls particular to the offender
- Neuropsychological, medical, pharmacological treatment, if indicated
- Methods to lessen victim impact, where indicated and where data are available